

全国 2018 年 10 月高等教育自学考试

综合英语(一) 试题

课程代码:00794

请考生按规定用笔将所有试题的答案涂、写在答题纸上。

选择题部分

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必将自己的考试课程名称、姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔填写在答题纸规定的位置上。

2. 每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题纸上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在试题卷上。

I. 语法和词汇填空。阅读下面的句子,从 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上按要求填涂。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

- I ran all the way to the classroom, only _____ that the exam was canceled.
A. being told
B. to have told
C. to be told
D. having told
- The storm _____ was caused to buildings along the coast.
A. hurt
B. injury
C. wound
D. damage
- It is strongly recommended that the machines _____ be checked every year.
A. would
B. should
C. must
D. can
- When you are done with the novel, just give it to Lucy or Helen or _____ is interested in it.
A. whoever
B. whomever
C. whichever
D. whatever
- Experiments resulting _____ failures are not necessarily failed ones.
A. of
B. from
C. to
D. in

6. I was no _____ for a man with such power.
A. rival
B. match
C. opponent
D. enemy
7. Although the journey usually takes six weeks, you should allow _____ delays caused by bad weather.
A. with
B. of
C. for
D. to
8. My parents lent me the money. _____ I couldn't have afforded the trip.
A. Otherwise
B. Yet
C. Likewise
D. However
9. Compared _____ other children of the same age, Robert is very tall.
A. for
B. over
C. of
D. with
10. The manager is Stuart Walker, _____ has been with the company since 1970.
A. whom
B. who
C. that
D. which
11. We have to _____ arrangements to meet at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.
A. take
B. set
C. make
D. get
12. It _____ have been Tom who parked the car like that, as he's the only one who can drive.
A. must
B. need
C. should
D. ought to
13. He visited the hospital _____ he'd been a patient years ago.
A. which
B. where
C. when
D. why
14. The number of women suffering from hair loss is very _____.
A. wide
B. heavy
C. strong
D. large
15. They really don't understand why some clouds _____ rain and others don't.
A. drop
B. fall
C. leak
D. flow
16. Alan and his friends used to go to the City park and _____ singing after school.
A. train
B. practice
C. drill
D. operate

name used to protect her children's privacy. "It's really helpful in looking back and remembering I can do it." Katie is one of the countless people who document their thrifty lifestyles on sites with names like Suddenly Frugal, Frugal Babe and The Frugal Mom. The bloggers range from suburban mothers to an Indian man named J. Money with a site called Budgets Are \$exy.

While most frugal blogs can't offer professional advice, they arguably do something more important: give readers with money woes emotional support and a sense of community. But unlike Katie, they don't often deal with true poverty. Most are written by middle-class people who either fall into debt or prefer a minimalist (极简主义的) lifestyle.

Though most frugal blogs might not help readers escape poverty, professional financial planner Lauren Lyon Coles says they can make money issues simpler to understand for the average person. "A lot of people hate math," she says. "If you're connecting with someone and you relate to their story...you can learn what you need to do by accident." Lyon Coles adds that while the financial industry "has a vested interest in keeping finances complicated", bloggers prove that saving money can be simple.

21. What does Katie usually do on Sundays?
 - A. She writes and publishes stories in her blog.
 - B. She asks for financial support via the Internet.
 - C. She shares her math skills with other bloggers.
 - D. She calculates her weekly expenses and blogs them.
22. According to the passage, why does Katie maintain her blog?
 - A. To spread the value of thrift.
 - B. To document the activities of her children.
 - C. To help herself tackle the financial pressure.
 - D. To seek financial assistance from the readers.
23. What does the underlined phrase "money woes" in Paragraph 5 most probably mean?
 - A. Financial trouble.
 - B. Emotional problems.
 - C. Frugal lifestyles.
 - D. Monetary aid.
24. What impression does Katie's blog leave on people?
 - A. Positive.
 - B. Pathetic.
 - C. Boastful.
 - D. Sentimental.
25. What function do the frugal blogs serve according to the passage?
 - A. They teach people how to do mathematics conveniently.
 - B. They enable people to better understand money saving issues.
 - C. They tell people how to regain confidence and escape poverty.
 - D. They provide people with professional advice on money issues.

Passage 2

Imagine summer without the refrigerator: hot days with no cold beer, no ice for your fruit drinks, and...probably very little fresh food at all. Artificial cold is key to every part of our current food supply chain, from the farm to the grocery store to the table.

But when it was first introduced in the nineteenth century, industrial refrigeration (制冷) faced negative reaction from the public. In a 2008 paper, Susanne E. Friedberg explains why, focusing on one refrigerated daily food: the egg.

To illustrate the importance of refrigeration for eggs, Friedberg notes that they used to be a seasonal food. Before modern breeds were developed, hens laid most of their eggs in the spring. That meant that fresh eggs were unavailable or very expensive for most of the year.

Artificial refrigeration promised a solution. By 1904, Friedberg writes, there were more than 600 cold-storage warehouses in the U.S. One facility in Boston had room for 150 million eggs at a time.

But many customers were unimpressed with these new facilities. That was partly because, at first, cold storage often wasn't done very well. Warehouse managers didn't always know what temperature was best for various kinds of food. Eggs stored for a long time sometimes developed a "fruity flavor," probably thanks to being kept near apples.

Another reason for consumers' distrust of refrigeration was actual untrustworthy behavior by companies. Some merchants put food into cold storage when it was already going bad. Retailers bought the stored eggs either with blind faith or accepted the situation as one for which they were not responsible and which they could not remedy.

Traditionally shopkeepers and customers would have assessed the likely quality of eggs based on the season and the reputation of the farmer, but now they had no way to do this. Often, they blamed cold storage itself for low-quality eggs.

The increasing economic power of large companies that could store millions of eggs also worried the public. When prices started rising rapidly in 1909, newspapers reported on a questionable refrigerated "food trust." One letter to *The Washington Post* that year complained that sellers secretly worked together to keep prices high. "Cold storage is responsible for the prices they charge," the writer argued. "They have thousands and thousands of eggs, but keep them in the refrigerator, in order to keep prices high."

Warehouses, poultry (家禽) producers, and the USDA responded with a pro-cold-storage public relation campaign that included booklets and movies, and even free omelets (煎蛋卷) at public health exposition, but customers were not convinced.

非选择题部分

注意事项:

用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将答案写在答题纸上,不能答在试题卷上。

III. 用国际音标标出下列单词中划线字母或字母组合的读音,并将答案写在答题纸的相应位置。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 0.5 分,共 10 分)

注意:使用新式或老式音标均可。

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 31. <u>gh</u> astly | 32. smoo <u>th</u> |
| 33. <u>de</u> cent | 34. <u>ti</u> tle |
| 35. <u>pl</u> ough | 36. <u>mai</u> n |
| 37. mos <u>qui</u> to | 38. <u>fan</u> tasy |
| 39. <u>bla</u> nket | 40. <u>ru</u> ler |
| 41. <u>tri</u> angle | 42. <u>ex</u> pression |
| 43. <u>cu</u> be | 44. <u>ge</u> ntle |
| 45. <u>back</u> wards | 46. <u>sc</u> issors |
| 47. <u>bo</u> ot | 48. <u>vide</u> o |
| 49. <u>de</u> ar | 50. <u>ph</u> rase |

IV. 完形填空。将答案写在答题纸的相应位置。(本大题共 20 小题,每小题 0.5 分,共 10 分)

A. 从下列单词中选择适当的词填空,每个词只能用一次。

perform	or	goes	and
popular	well	qualities	far
superior	sense	often	than

Enjoy these fun dog facts that deliver a variety of information about interesting breeds, puppies, guide dogs such as Labradors and much more. As the famous saying 51, dogs are man's best friend. Whether it's as reliable workers, family pets 52 loyal companions, dogs are wonderful domestic animals that offer a number of 53 that are put to good use by humans.

Dogs 54 many useful tasks for humans including hunting, farm work and security as 55 as assisting those with disabilities such as the blind. The most 56 breed of dog in the world by registered ownership is the Labrador. With their gentle nature, obedience, intelligence and near limitless energy, Labradors make for excellent family pets and reliable workers. They 57 assist police and are a common choice as guide dogs.

Dogs have 58 hearing than humans, capable of hearing sounds at four times the distance. Dogs have a remarkable 59 of smell. They are capable of differentiating

odors in concentrations nearly 100 million times lower 60 humans can. The average life span for a dog is around 10 to 14 years.

B. 根据课文的内容在每个空白处填入一个恰当的词。

“Free,” she whispered. “Free, free, free!” The dull stare and look of fear went from her eyes. They stayed keen and bright. Her 61 beat fast, and the blood warmed and relaxed 62 inch of her body. A sudden feeling of joy held her.

She did not ask 63 her joy was wrong. She saw her freedom clearly and could not stop to 64 of smaller things.

She knew that she would weep again 65 she saw her husband’s body. The kind hands, now dead and still. The loving face, now fixed and gray. But she looked 66 the future and saw many long years to come that would belong to her 67. And now she opened and spread her arms out to those years in welcome.

There would be no one 68 to live for during those years. She would live for herself alone. There would be no powerful will bending hers. Men and women always believe they can tell others 69 to do and how to think. Suddenly Louise understood that this was wrong and that she could 70 away and be free of it.

V. 根据所学课文内容完成句子，并将答案写在答题纸的相应位置。（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分）

71. In “Detective on the Trail,” Bob Sugg’s favorite part of the newspaper was _____.

72. In “Freedom in Dying,” as long as he was able, Jim read widely and continued to write in his diary about _____.

73. In “Love of Life,” the man was hungry and fell into a restless sleep, in which he dreamed of _____.

74. In “In the Laboratory,” Professor Agassiz urged his students to bring the carefully observed facts into connection with _____.

75. In “The Day I Was Fat,” after she was called fat, Lois Diaz-Talty was committed to _____.

76. According to “The English Character,” a typical Englishman doesn’t trust big promises and open shows of feelings, especially if they are expressed in _____.

77. According to “The Time Message,” time is tricky because it is _____.

78. According to “How Dictionaries Are Made,” we can be guided by the historical record provided by the dictionary, but we should not _____.

79. According to Dr. Applebaum in “Unreality of TV,” the greatest danger of television is that it presents a world to children that doesn’t exist and leads them to _____.

80. According to “Hans Christian Andersen’s Own Fairy Tale,” many of the stories Hans Christian Andersen wrote were based on _____.

VI. 汉译英。将下列句子译成英语，并将答案写在答题纸的相应位置。（本大题共10小题，每小题2分，共20分）

81. 那位老人凭记忆向我们讲述了他年轻时在农村的难忘经历。

82. 约翰逊教授多年来一直在研究这种疾病的传播途径。

83. 明年这个时候我们很可能正在西班牙度假。

84. 因为与老板关系不和，这位足球明星离开了球队。

85. 看到桌子上的刀叉，他感到不知所措。

86. 他特别喜欢在演讲中使用谚语。

87. 这场雨已经下了三天三夜，大部分庄稼被淹了。

88. 人们无法确定汽车业的繁荣会持续多久。

89. 不冒风险，任何人都不可能商业上取得成功。

90. 在父亲的劝说下，他最终决定远离毒品。